

# JOSHUA

## *Chapter 1*

1. The Lord spoke to Joshua after who's death? Moses (vs. 1)
2. Who was Joshua's father? Nun (vs. 1)
3. What river did the Lord tell Joshua and all the people of Israel to cross? The Jordan (vs. 2)
4. The Lord told Joshua he was giving the sons of Israel what according to Joshua 1:3? "Every place on which the sole of your foot treads."
5. The Lord said in Joshua 1:4 the territory the sons of Israel would receive would be from the "wilderness and this Lebanon, even as far as the great river, the river Euphrates, all the land of the Hittites, and as far as the Great Sea toward the setting of the sun."
6. The Lord told Joshua in Chapter 1:5 that He would not fail or forsake him.
7. The Lord told Joshua to be strong and very courageous and to do according to all the law Moses commanded and to not do what, so that he would have success wherever he would go? Turn from the law to the right or left (vs. 7)
8. When did the Lord tell Joshua to meditate on the law? Day and night (vs. 8)
9. Why did the Lord tell Joshua not to tremble or be dismayed? Because the Lord God would be with him wherever he went (vs. 9)
10. Joshua commanded the officers to tell the people they would be crossing the Jordan, in how many days, to possess the land God was giving them? Three days (vs. 11)
11. Which tribes would possess the land on the side of the river before they crossed the river? The Reubenites, the Gadites, and the half tribe of Manasseh (vs. 12)
12. Who could stay behind in the land Moses gave them while the valiant warriors helped the other tribes take possession of their land? Their wives, little ones, and cattle (vs.14)
13. How long did the warriors of the tribes of the Reubenites, Gadites, and half tribe of Manasseh have to fight before they could return and take possession of their own land? Until the Lord gave their brothers rest and possession of their land (vs. 15)
14. According to Joshua 1:18, what did the tribes say should happen to anyone who rebelled against Joshua's command? They should be put to death.

## *Chapter 2*

1. How many spies did Joshua send to Jericho? 2 (vs. 1)
2. What was the name of the harlot the spies stayed with in Jericho? Rahab (vs. 1)
3. Who sent word to Rahab to send the men that were staying with her out of the house? The king of Jericho (vs. 3)
4. When did Rahab say the spies left her house? When it was time to shut the gate, at dark (vs. 5)
5. Where did Rahab hide the spies who were staying with her? In the stalks of flax on the roof (vs. 6)
6. What did Rahab tell the spies she had heard about the Israelites? How the Lord dried up the water of the Red Sea when they came out of Egypt and how they utterly destroyed the two kings of the Amorites (vs. 10)
7. What were the names of the two kings of the Amorites? Sihon and Og (vs. 10)
8. What did Rahab ask of the spies? That they spare the lives of her father, mother, brothers and sisters and all who belong to them (vs. 13)
9. How did Rahab get the spies safely out of Jericho? She let them down by a rope through the window because her house was on the wall of the city (vs. 15)
10. After the spies left Jericho, were did Rahab tell them to hide and for how long? In the hill country for three days (vs. 16)
11. What did the spies tell Rahab she had to do in order to have her family saved? Tie a scarlet thread in the window the spies escaped through (vs. 18)
12. What would happen to any of Rahab's family who left the doors of her house when the Israelites were overtaking Jericho? His blood would be on his own head (vs. 19)
13. What would happen if Rahab told what the spies were planning? The spies would be free from the oath they made to protect Rahab and her family (vs. 20)
14. When the spies reported back to Joshua they said, "Surely the Lord has given all the land into our hands, and all the inhabitants of the land, moreover, have melted away before us." (vs. 24)

### *Chapter 3*

1. How long did the sons of Israel camp by the Jordan River before the officers went through the camp to give them a message? Three days (vs. 2)
2. When did the officers tell the sons of Israel to follow behind the Levitical priests? When they saw the priests carry the Ark of the Covenant (vs. 3)
3. How far of a distance were the people to stay from the Ark of the Covenant? 2000 cubits (vs. 4)
4. Joshua said to the people in Joshua 3:5, “Consecrate yourselves, for tomorrow the Lord will do wonders among you.”
5. What did the Lord tell Joshua to tell the priests to do when they came to the edge of the waters of the Jordan? Stand still in the Jordan (vs. 8)
6. Joshua told the people God would dispossess what groups of people from before them? The Canaanites, the Hittites, the Hivites, the Perizzites, the Girgashites, the Amorites and the Jebusites (vs. 10)
7. What did Joshua tell the sons of Israel would happen when the soles of the feet of the priests carrying the ark rested in the waters of the Jordan? The waters of the Jordan would be cut off, and the waters flowing down from above would stand in one heap (vs. 13)
8. When does the Jordan River overflow its banks? All the days of harvest (vs. 15)
9. At what city did the water from the Jordan stand and rise up in a heap? At Adam, the city beside Zarethan (vs. 16)
10. What waters were cut off when the priests stood in the Jordan? The waters flowing down toward the sea of the Arabah, the Salt Sea (vs. 16)
11. Where did the priests carrying the ark stand while all Israel crossed the Jordan? On dry ground in the middle of the Jordan (vs. 17)

## *Chapter 4*

1. After the nation finished crossing the Jordan, what did the Lord ask Joshua to do? Choose 12 men, one from each tribe, and take 12 stones from the middle of the Jordan (vs. 2-3)
2. Where were the twelve men to take the 12 stones? To the place they would lodge that night (vs. 3)
3. The stones the sons of Israel took were to be a memorial for the sons of Israel forever. (vs. 7)
4. What did Joshua do in the middle of the Jordan? Set up 12 stones at the feet of the priests who carried the ark (vs. 9)
5. How long did the priests stand in the middle of the Jordan? Until everything was completed and all the people had crossed (vs. 10)
6. How many of those who crossed the Jordan were equipped for battle? 40,000 (vs. 13)
7. On the day they crossed the Jordan, Joshua 4:14 states, “the Lord exalted Joshua in the sight of all Israel; so they revered him, just as they had revered Moses all the days of his life.”
8. When did the waters of the Jordan return to their place? When the soles of the priests’ feet were lifted up to the dry ground. (vs. 18)
9. Where did the sons of Israel camp after they crossed the Jordan? Gilgal, on the eastern edge of Jericho (vs. 19)
10. What was the date when the Israelites camped at Gilgal? The tenth of the first month (vs. 19)
11. When the Israelite children ask their fathers, “What are these stones?”, what were the fathers to respond? “Israel crossed this Jordan on dry ground.” (vs. 22)
12. The Lord dried up the waters of the Jordan just like He had done to what other water? The Red Sea (vs. 23)
13. Joshua 4:24 says the Lord dried up the waters of the Jordan so “that all the peoples of the earth may know that the hand of the Lord is mighty, so that you may fear the Lord your God forever.”

## *Chapter 5*

1. The kings of what two nations heard about the Lord drying up the waters of the Jordan and became very afraid? The Amorites and the Canaanites (vs. 1)
2. What did the Lord ask Joshua to do to the sons of Israel at Gibeath-haaraloth? Circumcise them with flint knives (vs. 2)
3. Why did Joshua need to circumcise the sons of Israel? All the males who came out of Egypt had been circumcised, but they died in the wilderness. All those born while in the wilderness had not been circumcised. (vs. 4-5)
4. After the sons of Israel had been circumcised, in Joshua 5:9, the Lord said to Joshua, “Today I have rolled away the reproach of Egypt from you.”
5. The name of the place the sons of Israel were circumcised was then called Gilgal. (vs. 9)
6. Where did the sons of Israel observe Passover? Gilgal (vs. 10)
7. What day of the month did the sons of Israel observe Passover? The evening of the 14<sup>th</sup> day (vs. 10)
8. What did the sons of Israel eat the day after Passover? Some of the produce of the land, unleavened cakes and parched grain (vs. 11)
9. What ceased when the sons of Israel had eaten some produce from the land? The manna (vs. 12)
10. Who did Joshua see when he was by Jericho? A man with a sword drawn in his hand (vs. 13)
11. Who did the man Joshua saw say he was? Captain of the host of the Lord (vs. 14)
12. What did the Captain of the Lord’s host tell Joshua to do? Remove the sandals from his feet for he was standing on holy ground (vs. 15)

## Chapter 6

1. When the sons of Israel arrived at Jericho, the city was what? Tightly shut with no one coming in or out of the city (vs. 1)
2. Who did the Lord command to march around the city? All the men of war (vs. 3)
3. How many times were the sons of Israel to circle the city for the first six days? Once each day (vs. 3)
4. What were the seven priests to carry as they circled the city? Seven trumpets of rams' horns (vs. 4)
5. How many times were they to march around the city on the seventh day? Seven times (vs. 4)
6. What were the priests told to do as they marched around the city? Blow their trumpets (vs. 4)
7. What were the people to do when they heard the long blast with the ram's horn on the seventh day? Shout with a great shout (vs. 5)
8. What then would happen to the city (after the great shout)? The wall of the city would fall down flat (vs. 5)
9. What did Joshua say would happen if the sons of Israel took anything from Jericho for themselves? They would make the camp of Israel accursed and bring trouble on Israel (vs. 18)
10. When the city of Jericho was destroyed, what was to go into the treasury of the Lord? All the silver and gold and articles of bronze and iron (vs. 19)
11. After the wall fell, verse 21 says they utterly destroyed everything in the city, both man and woman, young and old and ox and sheep and donkey, with the edge of the sword.
12. Who did Joshua command to go into Rahab's home and take her and her family and possessions out of her home? The two men who spied out the city (vs. 22)
13. Where were Rahab and her family taken after the wall fell? Outside the camp of Israel (vs. 23)
14. What did they do to Jericho after they removed what was to be put in the Lord's treasury? They burned the city (vs. 24)
15. After the city was destroyed, Joshua made them take an oath saying, "Cursed before the Lord is the man who rises up and builds this city, Jericho; with the loss of his first-born he shall lay its foundation, and with the loss of his youngest son he shall set up its gates. (vs. 26)

## **Chapter 7**

1. Who was Achan the son of? Carmi (vs. 1)
2. What tribe was Achan from? Judah (vs. 1)
3. What did Achan do? Took some things from Jericho that were under the ban (vs. 1)
4. After Jericho, where did Joshua send men to spy out the land? Ai (vs. 2)
5. How many men did the spies say Joshua should send to Ai? Two or three thousand (vs. 3)
6. How many men did Joshua send to Ai? 3,000 (vs. 4)
7. How many men did the men of Ai strike down before the men of Israel's hearts melted? About 36 (vs. 5)
8. What did Joshua do when the men of Ai struck down some of the sons of Israel? He tore his clothes and fell to the earth on his face before the ark of the Lord and put dust on his head (vs. 6)
9. Why did the Lord say He allowed their enemies to overcome them? Because Israel had sinned and taken things under the ban from Jericho (vs. 11)
10. The Lord said he would not be with Israel anymore unless they did what? They destroyed the things taken under the ban (vs. 12)
11. How were the Israelites to determine who took the things that were under the ban? The tribe the Lord took by lot would come near by families, and the family the Lord takes shall come by household, and the household the Lord took would come man by man until the Lord would show which man took the items. (vs. 14)
12. What had to be done to the man who took the things under the ban? He would have to be burned with fire along with all that belonged to him (vs. 15)
13. What family from the tribe of Judah was Achan a part of? The Zerahites (vs. 17)
14. What man was taken from the family of the Zerahites? Zabdi (vs. 17)
15. What did Achan admit he had taken? A beautiful mantle from Shinar, 200 shekels of silver, and a bar of gold which was fifty shekels in weight (vs. 21)
16. Where did Achan hide the items he had stolen? In the earth inside his tent (vs. 21)
17. What did Israel do to Achan, his sons and daughters, his animals, and all that belonged to him? Stoned them and burned them with fire (vs. 25)
18. Where did they stone Achan? The Valley of Achor (vs. 26)

## **Chapter 8**

1. After Achan was killed, what city did the Lord say He would give the sons of Israel? Ai (vs. 1)
2. What did the Lord tell the Israelites they could keep for themselves from the city of Ai? Its spoil and its cattle (vs. 2)
3. How many men did Joshua take with him the second time they went into battle with Ai? 30,000 (vs. 3)
4. Did Joshua first send the warriors to ambush the city of Ai in the night or day? The night (vs. 3)
5. The people who went with Joshua to the city of Ai camped where? On the North side of Ai in front of the city (vs. 11)
6. How many men did Joshua put in ambush between Bethel and Ai on the west side of the city? 5,000 men (vs. 12)
7. When the king of Ai saw Joshua and his men, he rose early to go into battle against them. What did Joshua and his men do? They pretended to be beaten and fled to the wilderness (vs. 15)
8. What was the king of Ai not aware of? The ambush Joshua had set up from behind the city (vs. 14)
9. Were there any men left in Ai or Bethel when they left the city to flee after Joshua? No (vs. 17)
10. What did the Lord tell Joshua to stretch out toward Ai? His javelin (vs. 18)
11. When the Israelites ambushed the city of Ai, what did they do to the city? Set the city on fire (vs. 19)
12. When Joshua saw that Ai had been captured and was burning, what did he and the rest of his men do? Turned back and slew the men of Ai (vs. 21)
13. Who was captured alive from Ai? The king (vs. 23)
14. How many were killed in Ai? 12,000, which was all of the people (vs. 25)
15. When did Joshua withdraw his hand which was stretched out with his javelin? When all the inhabitants of Ai were totally destroyed (vs. 26)
16. How was the king of Ai killed? He was hung on a tree (vs. 29)
17. Where did they take the King of Ai's body after he had been hung? He was thrown at the entrance of Ai, and they piled a heap of stones upon his body (vs. 29)
18. Where did Joshua build an alter to the Lord after the battle of Ai? Mount Ebal (vs. 30)
19. What did Joshua write on the stones of the alter? A copy of the law of Moses (vs. 32)

20. What did Joshua read to all the people of Israel after they made their sacrifice and offerings? All the words of the law, the blessings and the curse, and all that Moses had commanded (vs. 34-35)
21. Who was there to listen to what Joshua read to them? All the assembly of Israel with the women and little ones and the strangers who were living among them (vs. 35)

## *Chapter 9*

1. What kings gathered together with one accord to fight Joshua and Israel? All the kings beyond the Jordan, in the hill country and lowland and on all the coast of the Great Sea toward Lebanon, the Hittite, and the Amorite, the Canaanite, the Perizzite, the Hivite and the Jebusite (vs. 1-2)
2. Who set out to trick Joshua and Israel? The inhabitants of Gibeon (vs. 3)
3. What did the inhabitants of Gibeon do to trick Joshua? They made it look as if they had traveled from a far away country and had Israel make a covenant of peace with them (vs. 4-6)
4. What did the men of Gibeon do to make it look like they had traveled from a far away country? Put worn-out sacks on their donkeys, had worn-out, torn and mended wineskins, had worn-out and patched sandals on their feet, and wore worn-out clothes. Their bread was dry and crumbled. (vs. 4-5)
5. Did the men of Israel ask for the counsel of the Lord before they made a covenant of peace with the men who were tricking them? No (vs. 14-15)
6. How long was it before they learned they had made peace with some who were living on their land? Three days (vs. 16)
7. What four cities were the men from who had tricked the Israelites into making peace with them? Gibeon, Chephirah, Beeroth and Kiriath-jearim (vs. 17)
8. Did the Israelites keep the oath they had made with these men? Yes (vs. 19)
9. What did the Israelites do to the men who had tricked them? Made them their slaves, hewers of wood and drawers of water (vs. 23 and 27)

## Chapter 10

1. Who was the king of Jerusalem? Adoni-zedek (vs. 1)
2. Why did the five kings fight against Gibeon? They had heard Gibeon had made peace with Israel (vs. 4)
3. Who were the five kings who fought Gibeon? Adoni-zedek the king of Jerusalem, Hoham the king of Hebron, Piram the king of Jarmuth, Japhia the king of Lachish, and Debir the king of Eglon (vs. 3)
4. What did Joshua do when he found out Gibeon was being attacked? Marched all night with his valiant warriors to defend Gibeon (vs. 7-9)
5. What did the Lord do to those fighting against Gibeon? Confounded them before Israel and threw large stones from heaven on them (vs. 10-11)
6. Did more die from the hailstones or from being killed by the sword? Hailstones (vs. 11)
7. What unusual request did Joshua make when the Lord delivered the Amorites before the sons of Israel? He asked for the sun and moon to stand still. (vs. 12)
8. Did the Lord listen to Joshua's request? Yes, and the sun did not go down for about a day (vs. 13-14)
9. Where did the five kings flee and hide themselves? The cave at Makkedah (vs. 16)
10. What did Joshua do when he learned the five kings were hiding in the cave? He commanded that large stones be rolled against the mouth of the cave and men be assigned to guard the cave (vs. 18)
11. When did Joshua go back to the cave? After they had destroyed their enemies (vs. 20-22)
12. What did Joshua ask the chiefs of the men of war to do to the five kings? Put their feet on their necks (vs. 24)
13. As Joshua had the chiefs put their feet on the kings' necks, he told them in vs. 25, "Do not fear or be dismayed! Be strong and courageous, for thus the Lord will do to all your enemies with whom you fight."
14. What did Joshua do to the kings after that? Struck them and put them to death and hung them on five trees (vs. 26)
15. Where did Joshua command the kings' bodies to be taken? The cave where they had hidden themselves (vs. 27)
16. After Israel had victory over the five kings, what was the next city which was completely destroyed by Israel? Makkedah (vs. 28)
17. What cities did Israel destroy after Makkedah (in order)? Libnah, Lachish, Gezer, Eglon, Hebron, and Debir (vs. 29-39)
18. Why was Joshua able to have victory over all those kings and their lands so quickly? Because the Lord, the God of Israel, fought for Israel (vs. 42)

## ***Chapter 11***

1. Who was the king of Hazor? Jabin (vs. 1)
2. Who was the king of Madon? Jobab (vs. 1)
3. King Jabin sent word to many kings to gather their armies for what purpose? To fight against Israel (vs. 5)
4. When all these kings and their armies came out to fight, it was said they were as many people as what? The sand on the seashore (vs. 4)
5. Where did these kings meet and camp together? The waters of Merom (vs. 5)
6. After Joshua and the Israelites defeated all these armies, what did he do (which was just as the Lord had told him)? He hamstringed their horses and set their chariots on fire (vs. 9)
7. Hazor was what? The head of all the kingdoms that had come together to fight Israel (vs. 10)
8. What one city, out of all these kingdoms, did Joshua burn? Hazor (vs. 11,13)
9. Joshua 11:23 says, “So Joshua took the whole land, according to all the Lord had spoken to Moses, and Joshua gave it for an inheritance to Israel according to their divisions by their tribes. Thus the land had rest from war.”

## *Chapter 23*

1. When Joshua was old, who did he call for to give a final message? All Israel, their elders, heads, judges, and officers (vs. 2)
2. Joshua told the Israelites not to associate with the nations around them and also not to do what regarding their gods? Don't mention the name of their gods, or make anyone swear by them, or serve them, or bow down to them (vs. 7)
3. Joshua 23:10 says, "One of your men puts to flight a thousand, for the Lord your God is He who  fights  for you, just as He promised you."
4. Joshua told the nation if they were to ever intermarry with the nations around them these nations would become what? A snare and a trap, and a whip on their sides, and thorns in their eyes (vs. 13)
5. Joshua told the nations that if they transgress the covenant of the Lord, what would burn against them? The anger of the Lord (vs. 16)

## Chapter 24

1. Where did Joshua gather Israel to review Israel's history with them? Shechem (vs. 1)
2. Who was Abraham's father? Terah (vs. 2)
3. Where did the Lord lead Abraham? Through all the land of Canaan (vs. 3)
4. Who was Abraham's son? Isaac (vs. 3)
5. Who were Isaac's sons? Jacob and Esau (vs. 4)
6. What land did the Lord give Esau to possess? Mount Seir (vs. 4)
7. Where did Jacob and his sons go to live? Egypt (vs. 4)
8. Who did the Lord send to Egypt to lead the Israelites out? Moses and Aaron (vs. 5)
9. After leaving Egypt, what sea did the Israelites cross? The Red Sea (vs. 6-7)
10. Who did Balak send to curse Israel? Balaam, the son of Beor (vs. 9)
11. Who was Balak? The son of Zippor and the king of Moab (vs. 9)
12. Did Balaam curse Israel? No, he blessed them (vs. 10)
13. In Joshua 24:13 the Lord said, "I gave you a land on which you had not labored, and cities which you had not built, and you have lived in them, you are eating of vineyards and olive groves which you did not plant."
14. Joshua told the people in Joshua 24:15 to choose who they would serve. Who did Joshua say he would serve? "As for me and my house, we will serve the Lord."
15. Who did Israel say they would serve? "We will also serve the Lord, for He is our God." (vs. 18)
16. Why did Joshua put a large stone under the oak that was by the sanctuary of the Lord? He put it there as a witness against Israel for it has heard all the words of the Lord in case they denied God (vs. 26-27)
17. How old was Joshua when he died? 110 (vs. 29)
18. Where did they bury Joshua? In Timnath-serah, which was in the hill country of Ephriam on the north of Mount Gaash (vs. 30)
19. How long did Israel serve the Lord according to Joshua 24:31? All the days of Joshua and all the days of the elders who survived Joshua.
20. Where did they bury the bones of Joseph? At Shechem, on the piece of ground Jacob had bought (vs. 32)
21. Who had Jacob bought the land from and for how much? The sons of Hamor, the father of Shechem, for 100 pieces of money (vs. 32)